## UNDERSTANDING PETROL PRICES IN SINGAPORE

In January 2016, crude oil prices dipped below US\$30 a barrel, its lowest level in more than 10 years. Many have asked why petrol pump prices do not seem to have fallen in tandem. Let's take a look at some of the reasons why.

## WHAT MAKES UP PETROL PRICES?

Price of crude oil is only one component of the price of petrol. Petrol companies here use Mean of Platts Singapore (MOPS) prices which is the price of refined petrol, and is higher than crude price.

Components of petrol prices

Discounts & rebates

Taxes & duties

Land costs

Operating costs & operating income

MOPS

Petrol duties were raised in February 2015 by S\$0.20 for premium grade petrol and S\$0.15 for intermediate grade petrol.

## **KEY FINDINGS FROM RETAIL** PETROL MARKET STUDY

The Competition Commission of Singapore (CCS) conducted a study into the behaviour of petrol companies between 1 January 2010 and 31 January 2016. The study found that:

PETROL

1. In 2015, MOPS made up less than one-third of listed retail petrol price. Petrol companies use

MOPS prices, not crude oil prices to determine retail petrol price.

2. Retail petrol prices generally moved in the same direction as MOPS prices.

> For every \$\$0.10 change in MOPS price, listed petrol price changed by \$\$0.07 in the same direction. The change took place over day period on average.

There was no significant difference in the speed at which prices were raised or lowered.

4. The study found no evidence of any collusion by petrol companies on retail petrol prices.

3. In 2014, consumers enjoyed an average of about 18% in discounts & rebates such as credit card discounts and loyalty programmes.

For more details on the CCS retail petrol study, please refer to the CCS website www.ccs.gov.sg



